Point of View Quiz			
Name:		Date:	
Directions: Read each statement or example below. Choose one (or more) of the following Point of View terms and write it (or them) in the boxes in each row. Terms: 1 st Person, 2 nd Person, 3 rd Person, 3 rd Person-Omniscient, Subjective, Objective			
	1.	The author can shift focus from character to character. The author's narrator shares knowledge of each main character's thoughts and of events which no single character could be aware.	
	2.	The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like you and yours.	
	3.	The author picks one character and follows him or her around for the duration of the book.	
	4.	This point of view is the least often used by writers.	
	5.	The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like I, me, mine.	
	6.	You say, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." You hate doing it but have no intention of admitting to him that the reason is that you want to work on your history project.	
	7.	The author's narrator shares the thoughts, feelings, and memories of the main character.	
	8.	The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like he, him, his.	
	9.	Harry said, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall."	
	10.	I said, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall."	
	11.	The author's narrator tells only what can be seen and heard. The narrator does not give the reader the internal thoughts or feelings of any of the characters. This type of narration is like a store's surveillance camera recording the audio and video of the events that occur within its line of sight.	
	12.	Harry told Nathan, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." Harry felt he would loose Nathan's friendship all together if Nathan knew why he didn't want to go. Harry was judging Nathan too harshly. Nathan would have helped him study, not ditched him.	
	13.	Harry told Nathan, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." Nathan gave Harry a crooked grin, turned, and walked away. When Nathan was out of sight, he stopped and said, "I'll bet he wanted to study and he didn't want me to know it."	
	14.	The author takes on the personality of a character in the story and has that character narrate the story to the reader.	

Point of View Quiz — Answer Sheet

Terms: 1st Person, 2nd Person, 3rd Person, 3rd Person - Limited, 3rd Person-Omniscient, Subjective,

Objective

Student Directions: Read each statement or example below. Choose one (or more) of the following Point of View terms and write it (or them) in the boxes in each row.

View terms and write it (or them) in the boxes in each row.		
3 rd Person – Omniscient Subjective	1. The author can shift focus from character to character. The author's narrator shares knowledge of each main character's thoughts and of events which no single character could be aware.	
2 nd Person	2. The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like you and yours.	
1 st Person	3. The author picks one character and follows him or her around for the duration of the book.	
2 nd Person	4. This point of view is the least often used by authors.	
1 st Person	5. The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like I, me, mine.	
2 nd Person Subjective	6. You say, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." You hate doing it but have no intention of admitting to him that the reason is that you want to work on your history project.	
1 st Person 3 rd Person	7. The author's narrator shares the thoughts, feelings, and memories of one main character.	
3 rd Person	8. The author, when speaking of the main character, uses pronouns like he, him, his.	
3 rd Person	9. Harry said, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall."	
1 st Person	10. I said, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall."	
3 rd Person – Objective	11. The author's narrator tells only what can be seen and heard. The narrator does not give the reader the internal thoughts or feelings of any of the characters. This type of narration is like a store's surveillance camera recording the audio and video of the events that occur within its line of sight.	
3 rd Person – Omniscient Subjective	12. Harry told Nathan, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." Harry felt he would loose Nathan's friendship all together if Nathan knew why he didn't want to go. He judged Nathan too harshly. Nathan would have helped him study, not ditched him.	
3 rd Person – Omniscient Objective	13. Harry told Nathan, "I'm only going to say this once. I am not going with you to the mall." Nathan gave Harry a crooked grin, turned, and walked away. When Nathan was out of sight, he stopped and said, "I'll bet he wanted to study and he didn't want me to know it."	
1 st Person	14. The author takes on the personality of a character in the story and has that character narrate the story to the reader.	